

I-SBAR: a structured verbal communication tool



Purpose

- ☼ communication failure has been cited to be a factor in 60-70% of adverse events.
- ☼ communication techniques for doctors and nurses are very different, nurses describe, doctors diagnose.
- ☼ calls can be made when in crisis, without appropriate preparation

Purpose

- ☼ healthcare environment has become increasingly complex, fast paced with multiple interactions.
- ☼ communication standards are not consistent among nurses and allied staff.
- ☼ on-call physicians or those in a consultant role may be notified and expected to make a decision based on what is communicated to them.

Purpose

- ☀️ poor communication can have a negative impact on patient care and safety
- ☀️ input is received from multidisciplinary teams comprised of clinicians with differing training, expertise and background, practicing in an increasingly complex healthcare environment

I-SBAR REPORT TO A PHYSICIAN

BEFORE Calling the Physician:

1. Assess the patient yourself
2. Review the chart for the appropriate physician to call
3. Read the most recent Progress Notes and assessments by MD and nurse(s) from prior shift.
4. Discuss situation with resource nurse
5. Have *available* when speaking with the physician:
 Chart MAR Kardex Access PCI (vital signs, lab values, orders)

I
S
B
A
R

IDENTIFY Yourself, Patient and Room #: _____			
SITUATION The concern I am calling about is: _____			
BACKGROUND Admission diagnosis and date of admission _____ State the pertinent medical history _____ Past treatments (EKG, CXR, Cultures, etc.) _____ Current medications, IV's, Lab Values: _____			
ASSESSMENT Most recent vital signs: BP _____ Pulse _____ Respirations _____ Temperature _____ O2Sats _____ Past vital signs: BP _____ Pulse _____ Respirations _____ Temperature _____ O2Sats _____ Any changes from prior assessments:			
Neurological	Respiratory	Integumentary	Pain
Gastrointestinal	Cardiac	Musculoskeletal	Genitourinary
RECOMMENDATION <input type="checkbox"/> Allow MD to give their orders *****AND/OR***** <input type="checkbox"/> If you don't receive all your desired orders, make your recommendations! <input type="checkbox"/> Clarify and/or repeat all orders received If a change in treatment is ordered, then ask: <input type="checkbox"/> How often do you want vital signs? _____ <input type="checkbox"/> If the patient does not improve, when would you want us to call again? _____			

This is not part of the Patients' chart



I-identify

- ☀ -introduce yourself, your position and your location
- ☀ confirm that you are speaking to the appropriate person
- ☀ identify the patient by name, room number and diagnosis
- ☀ if the call is made to an on call physician ensure that the MRP is identified

S-situation

- ☀ State the reason for your call, ensure that the doctor is aware immediately if it is urgent
- ☀ Clearly state the concerns
- ☀ Have all the relevant information readily available, pt's age, gender, current status
- ☀ Be brief but concise

B-Background

- ☀ know the relevant history. The reason for their current admission, what the treatment plan is, including current medication and pertinent lab results.
- ☀ Give a comprehensive report, include details such as the presenting factors and complications

A-Assessments

- ☼ What were the clinical observations and impressions that created concerns. What are the concerns, the risks and the needs
- ☼ remain focus on the reason for your call
- ☼ use appropriate terminology be clear and concise about your concerns and assessments.
- ☼ have all the current and relevant information needed for example vital signs

R-Requests

- ☼ Based on your clinical observations what are you **requesting** from the physician
- ☼ Be **confident and assertive**, make your recommendations.
- ☼ Clarify and **repeat** orders received
- ☼ be **specific** about request and time frame
- ☼ **Document**

Strengths

- ☀ Simple to use
- ☀ Generalized across any settings
- ☀ Easy to implement
- ☀ Relays relevant information in an efficient manner
- ☀ Make it a part of our everyday practice

Strengths

- ☀ **Improve** the quality of clinical communication
- ☀ ***Reducing*** adverse events in which poor communication played a key role.
- ☀ Ensures recommendation is **clear** and professional
- ☀ Focuses on the ***issue at hand*** and not the person delivering the message

Weakness

- ☀ Not efficient when used for MRP because they know the patients well
- ☀ Doctors in a *hurry* to get to the point
- ☀ May be deemed as *time consuming* when in a crisis

Opportunities

- ☀ Improving **patients safety** by standardizing communication between physician and nurses.
- ☀ Allows the expectation that relevant and necessary information will be shared among healthcare providers
- ☀ Enhances communication by acting as a simple and portable tool optimizing communications

Opportunities-Cont

- ☀ Creates a set of **expectation** for what will be communicated
- ☀ Ensures accuracy and completeness of information therefore reducing the chances of *missed information*
- ☀ **Standardizes** communication
- ☀ Serves as improvement in the structure and **consistency** of communication.

Opportunities-Cont

- Increases level of confidence in staff's abilities and skills to communicate efficiently and effectively.
- Minimizes the gap between optimal communication and patient safety

Threats

- ☀ May be viewed as an unnecessary change, possible an obstacle to overcome.
- ☀ staff may disengage if they feel their time is being wasted.
- ☀ Might be deemed as increased workload, in a time of crisis.

ISBAR- PRE & Post Training Evaluations

Observation Questions	Pre-Training Observation Findings (87 Completed)	Post Training Observation Findings (70 completed)
Does the nurse have patient information	17/87= 19%	61/70=87%
Does the nurse identify him/herself and the patient?	24/87=27%	67/70=96%
Does the nurse clearly describe the situation?	24/87=27%	68/70=97%
Does the nurse describe the patient's background?	38/87=43%	65/70=93%
Does the nurse provide a detailed patient assessment?	38/87=43%	66/70=94%
Does the nurse make requests/recommendations?	47/87=54%	53/70=76%
Was the overall conversation presented in an organized and professional manner?	27/87=31%	68/70=97%

I-SBAR at HRRH

- Sept 2006, a quality improvement team introduced ISBAR at the clinical level.
- Physicians were encouraged to be active participants and would benefit by being the recipient of accurate and complete information on their patients
- Goal is to incorporate its use in conversations between nurses and physicians

I-SBAR at HRRH

- Several units are currently using this tool independently or as a part of their physician communication form.

Conclusion

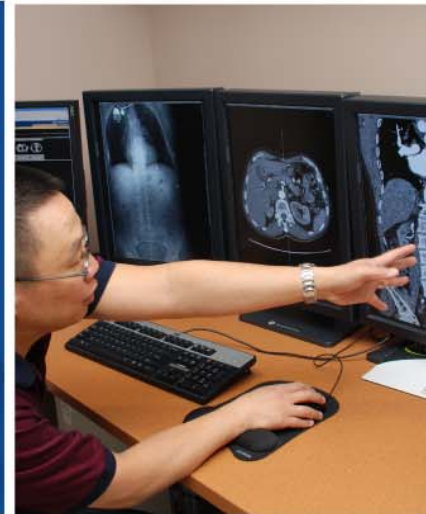
- ☼ Listener knows what to expect and the speaker, knowing what is expected is able to deliver the information needed.
- ☼ I-SBAR provides a **framework** to ensure that information is being delivered amongst healthcare providers in a consistent and reliable approach
- ☼ When a standardized approach is implemented, evidence shows that the effectiveness of that approach increases.
- ☼ Enhances professional responsibility and accountability

References

- I-SBAR: A shared Mental Model for Improving Communication Between Clinicians, March 2006, Vol 32, Number 3
- The Joint Commission Guide to Improving Staff communication, 2005, p.87 and 90.

Best Possible Medication History (BPMH)/ Medication Reconciliation

Humber River Regional Hospital
Proud of our diversity. Proud of our care.



Why is HRRH required to follow Medication Standards

- Ensures patient safety
- Reduce medication errors
- Required Organizational Practice (ROP) from Accreditation Canada
- Follow best practice guidelines
- To meet Ministry safety standards
- To comply with HRRH policies, procedures, and guidelines

Medication Reconciliation

- Medication Reconciliation is a process of obtaining a complete and accurate list of patient's current home medications and comparing that list to the physicians admitting orders.
- Can decrease/eliminate patient's receiving duplicate or incompatible medications or wrong doses

Best Possible Medication History(BPMH)

- Ensures the patient receives all necessary medications while in hospital/upon discharge.
- Essential component of safe and effective patient care
- Essential component of medication reconciliation

A complete and Accurate Medication List

- List should include information on ALL medications the patient was taking prior to admission, including prescription, non-prescription, herbal products, illicit drugs and supplements.

Sources of information

- Patient
- Family/or Caregiver
- Ontario Drug Benefit (ODB) Drug Profile Viewer List
- Medication Vials/Blister packs
- Medication List
- Community Pharmacy
- Medication Profile from LTC/other hospital
- Family Physician
- Nurse/Nurse Practitioner

Note: Use the above sources when interviewing the patient to confirm the BPMH

Best Possible Medication History (BPMH)

The BPMH is:

1. Part of the secondary assessment
2. Completed within 24 hours of admission to all areas and points of transfer

BEST POSSIBLE MEDICATION HISTORY

Currently on medications >

Location of medications >

Type of Nicotine replacement product, if applicable >

Medication and Strength	Dose	Route	Frequency	Last Date/Time
1 <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Comment: <input type="text"/>				
2 <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Comment: <input type="text"/>				
3 <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Comment: <input type="text"/>				

BPMH complete as possible at this time >

Sources used to achieve BPMH >

Sources required for further information >

Identified barriers in getting information >

Do not leave blank!

Putting it all together!

Admissions

Step 1: Complete the BPMH

Step 2: Print Medication Reconciliation form and place in physician order section of the patient's chart.

Step 3: Medication Reconciliation form is reviewed by admitting physician who documents desired changes, meds to hold or discontinue, etc.

Step 4: Fax form to pharmacy

Medication Reconciliation Form

\\hrrfile01\p&p manuals\Manuals\Hospital Wide Manuals\Patient Care Manual\Medication Reconcil - Windows Internet Explorer pro

\\hrrfile01\p&p manuals\Manuals\Hospital Wide Manuals\Patient Care Manual\Medication Reconciliation\ER, Medication History Form (Appendix B), PC.270.1.pdf

ER, Medication History F... x HRRH - Home

68.3%

Find

HR
Humber River
REGIONAL HOSPITAL
Emergency

**MEDICATION RECONCILIATION
BEST POSSIBLE MEDICATION HISTORY
& ADMISSION ORDERS**

ALLERGIES
NONE KNOWN

Name Physician/Pharmacist to document home medications
(use formulary medications; should be indicated under
Reason for Change/Hold/Discontinuation*)

DO NOT WRITE ORDER WITHOUT
PHARMACY COPY IN PLACE

BEST POSSIBLE MEDICATION HISTORY					Physician Reconciliation/ Admission Orders			
PRESCRIPTION MEDICATIONS					Physician to Complete on Admission			
Medication Name & Strength	Dose (eg, mg)	Route (eg, PO)	Dosing Interval (eg, q4h)	Last Taken (date/time)	Continue	Hold	Change	Reason for Change/Hold/Discontinuation (Please indicate any new orders in this section)
								Consider Renal or Hepatic
								Dosing & PO Status/ Surgical Status
Non-Prescription Medications (eg, Over-the-Counter Products, Herbs, Other)								

SOURCE OF MEDICATION HISTORY

Review of Patient Medication List or Medications
 Community Pharmacy
 Drug Profile Viewer
 Family Physician List
 MAR from Another Facility
 Patient/Carer Recall
 Other (specify)

DRUG COVERAGE INSURANCE

To Be Completed by
RVP/Pharmacist
 No Private Other
 Provincial
eg ODB, Prillium, Monthly Card

Pharmacy Consult Yes No Reason for Consult: _____

Completed By: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Physician's Signature: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Print Physician's Name: _____

THIS IS A PERMANENT PART OF PATIENT'S CHART Indicate if Addendum

WHITE - Chart YELLOW - Pharmacy Page ____ of ____
Form # _____, version (00000)

Done

Start | Document1 - Microsoft ... | \\hrrfile01\p&p ma... | 5 Microsoft Office Excel | 7 Microsoft Office Out... | 11:29 AM

SWOT

- Strengths
- Weaknesses
- Opportunities
- Threats

Strengths

- Promotes patient safety
- Decreases medication errors
- Prevent adverse drug events
- Eliminate medication discrepancies (errors/omissions)
- Improve communication at patient transfer points

Weaknesses

- Language barriers and cultural barriers
- Multiple pharmacy use
- Multiple prescribing physicians
- Patient too ill to list medications correctly
- Rely on families
- Difficult to obtain information from other sources
- Admissions that occur off hours

Weaknesses

- Required a lot of staff education
- Many physicians reported that the form was confusing
- Staff reported that the columns on the form are too narrow
- Any additional medications post printing are treated as a new order

Opportunities

- Medication Reconciliation can save lives
- Medication Reconciliation can save hospitals millions of dollars
- Reduces Readmissions
- Reduces poly pharmacy use
- Encourages teamwork
- Increases patient satisfaction
- Empowers patients

Threats

- Patient's with low health literacy
- Look-alike/Sound-alike medications
- Staff time constraints and interview skills
- Time consuming for Educators and Managers
- Repeat educational sessions
- Buy in from physicians and staff

Audit Results

- Went live November 3, 2010
- Weekly audits done on all new admissions
- Audit results were low in the beginning

Audit

Copy of medication reconciliation audit April 19 K5E - Microsoft Excel

Home Insert Page Layout Formulas Data Review View

Clipboard Font Alignment Number Styles Cells Editing

F13 1

1	Medication reconciliation												
2	Unit: K5E												
3	auditor: Tina Colaras												
4	Total # of charts audited 3												
5	Total # of Med Rec signed by doctor 3												
6	Date: April 19/11												
7	** Place a 1 in the applicable box												
8		Chart 1	Chart 2	Chart 3	Chart 4	Chart 5	Chart 6	Chart 7	Chart 8	Chart 9	Chart 10	Chart 11	Chart 12
9	STANDARDS	Standard Met	Standard Met	Standard Met	Standard Met	Standard Met	Standard Met	Standard Met	Standard Met	Standard Met	Standard Met	Standard Met	Standard Met
10	BPMH Completed	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
11	Medication Reconciliation form completed	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
12	Medication Reconciliation form printed	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
13	Forms signed by doctor	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
14	Names of staff who did not complete and print Medication Reconciliation Form												
15													
16													
17													
18													
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21													
22													
23													
24	Names of Doctors who did not sign medication reconciliation form												
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48													

Sheet1 Sheet2 Sheet3

Ready

68%

12:34 PM

Challenges

- How to get the nurses to consistently do medication reconciliation on all patients
- On-going education on how to use the form
- Low scores in the beginning- and the challenge of bringing the numbers up
- Education sometimes is not enough...

Conclusion

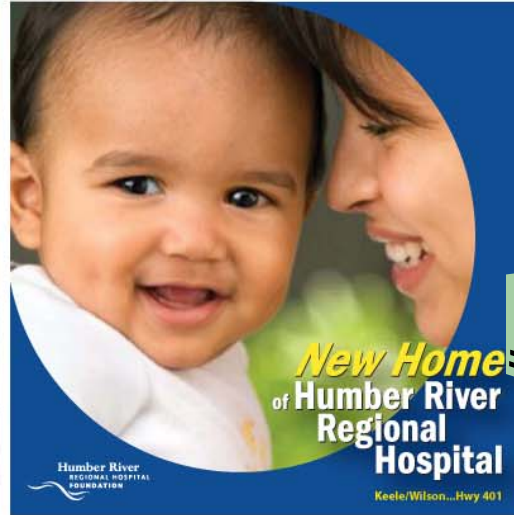
- Medication Reconciliation is a powerful and effective tool in the fight against preventable adverse drug events.
- The goal of medication reconciliation is to provide correct medications to the patient at all transition points.



Resources

- iHUMBER
- Micromedex- E-CPS
- HRRH - Medication Reconciliation Guideline - PC.267.2
- HRRH - Medication Reconciliation Admission through the Emergency Services (ER) – Procedure PC.270.1

PCP- The Patient Care Profile



What is the PCP?

Patient Care Profile (PCP) is an inter-professional tool, which pulls together **up to date** information from the electronic patient record into a format that provides a **snapshot** of the patient's treatment plan.

The PCP includes:

1. Demographics (Allergies, primary/secondary Diagnosis)
2. Resuscitation Status
3. Patient Status Review - <shift report>
4. Plan of Care
5. OE orders for T, T+1, T+2
6. All Consults & Referrals

Patient Care Profile (PCP)

- Adopted hospital wide in 2007
- Meets accreditation standard requirements
- In line with HRRH corporate principles for inter-professional documentation
- Meets requirements to implement a documented shift report (shift to shift transfer of accountability)
- In line with HRRH plan for documentation to become fully electronic

Goals for PCP

- To implement staff guidelines for giving and receiving report
- To improve the communication of pertinent patient data
- To improve organizational skills to keep report on track
- To enhance nurse's critical thinking skills
- To improve quality care and best practices

PCP

- Two components: PCP and Face to Face
- Before PCP, we had taped report or written report.
- The staff did not follow any consistent format for shift report

Patient Care Profile (PCP)

Process Interventions							
10/10 1437 NC			Int: 0✓ of 42				
DN	Add Interv	Change Directions	Change Level	Change Status	Document Interv's	Document Now	Edit Admin Data >More

Patient Care Profile			
10/10 1437 NC	AC000368/08 PCP,BETTY		
ADMISSION/DISCHARGE/TRANSFER -----			
Primary Diagnosis:	DKA AND MI		
Secondary Diagnosis:	diabetes, CHF, PNUEMONIA		
Medication Allergies:	METFORMIN		
Food Allergies:	SUGAR		
Other Allergies:	BEES		
Language spoken >	DUTCH	Translator Required?	<input type="checkbox"/>
Notify in Emergency:	Brad Pitt	Home Phone:	911-911-9111
Pre-Op? <input type="checkbox"/>	Date of Surgery		
Surgical Procedure:			
CRITICAL EVENT -----			
Resuscitation Status>	NOCHCO		
Physician>	COOT		
Any additional instructions:	COMFORT MEASURES		
** For Resuscitation Documentation - Review in PCI **			
Verified? <input type="checkbox"/>			

PCP

10 1345 RB

**** Patient Status Review ** Shift to shift transfer of accountability ****

Admission/Discharge/Transfer: Passes, Privileges, Discharge Plan & Date
:

Mental Status: Clinically Significant Assessment Information
:

Safety/Restraints: Forms/MHA, Observation level, Restraints
:

Psychosocial: Inter-Professional Issues, Family Meetings
:

Medication (EPS, Changes to Medications, Long Acting Injection Dates
:

ADL/Hygiene:
:

PCP Reporting Screens

Physiological: VS, BM's, Pain, Focused System Assessments
:

Treatments/Diagnostics/Procedures: ECT, Glucometers, Specimens
:

Other
:

Standard Plan of Care >

Plan of Care:

The Plan of Care will automatically be pulled through and you can VIEW using View History or In PCI during Shift Report

Patient Care Profile

02/05 1515 NC AC000051

OE: Card/Echo/Endo/Lab(Call)/Neuro/Rad(Call) Orders for Today
:

OE: Card/Echo/Endo/Lab(Call)/Neuro/Rad(Call) Orders for T+1
:

OE: Card/Echo/Endo/Lab(Call)/Neuro/Rad(Call) Orders for T+2
:

** WAIT for Yes to default** as system compiles then <Enter> Y

When the "Y" for Yes defaults in
Press <ENTER>
GO to Next Page

The Orders can be Viewed
After filing using View History
in PCI during Shift Report

Process Interventions

02/05 1515 NC Int: 0✓ of 30

DN Add Change Change Change Document Document Edit >More
 Interv Directions Level Status Interv's Now Admin Data

Patient Care Profile

02/05 1515 NC AC000051/08 DECK, JANE

OE: Consults and Referrals (All)

:	CONS	PHYSICIAN CONSULT	19/04/07	0818	WHIL	BOWEL RESECTION SURG
:	CONS	PHYSICIAN CONSULT	19/04/07	0818	ZUPJ	TRANS ICU MED
:	REF	DIETITIAN CONSULT	19/04/07	0818		
:	REF	OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY	19/04/07	0818		
:	REF	PHYSIOTHERAPY	19/04/07	0818		

** WAIT for Yes to default ** then press FILE <F12> Y

Yes/No Confirmation

? File data. Intervention done. OK?

Yes No

Consults – will show mnemonic of Physician, reason for consult as written in OE, and Specialty if indicated

Note ALL Consults and Referrals will default in for the ENTIRE PATIENT VISIT

SWOT

- STRENGTHS
- WEAKNESSES
- OPPORTUNITIES
- THREATS

Strengths

- Audits shows compliance
- Enhances patient care, is patient specific
- Minimizes amount of time spent searching for pertinent patient information (one stop)
- All staff follow **consistent format**
- Orders, consults and referrals automatically get generated (don't have to rely on memory)
- **Replaces** the manual Kardex

Weaknesses

- Some staff were recalling information that wasn't pertinent. Simply repeating the previous information
- Some staff were putting in information that was not relevant

Opportunities

- The PCP is stored electronically each time and this allows staff to look for **trends**
- It is a good guide for new nurses
- *Allied Clinical Staff have a place where they can quickly review patient's status instead of sorting through patient care notes.*
- Good format for when giving report during clinical rounds
- Challenge behavior patterns

Threats

- Only few nurses are trained on smart board
- Electronic *malfunctions*
- Fiscal concerns of OT
- Need a **leader** to keep everyone on track
- According to surveys, few staff still are not on board
- *Common concern* was that PCP would take longer than tape report

PCP Audit

PCP Audit	Audit 10 Charts for Each Audit												
	below indicating Audit and Month)												
	Date: _____						Name of Auditor: _____						
	# of Staff coming on Duty:												
	# staff completing face to face report:												
face to face verbal report compliance									0%				
	Chart 1		Chart 2		Chart 3		Chart 4		Chart 5		Chart 6		Chart
STANDARDS Met / Not Met	Met	Not Met	Met	Not Met	Met	Not Met	Met	Not Met	Met	Not Met	Met	Not Met	Met
Is there a documented PCP report for every shift?													
PCP consists of Pertinent info only													
Does info accurately reflect status of patient													
If trending indicates problem, were actions documented to correct/adjust trending?													
Was PCP documented last hour of shift?													
Is Edit Text info under appropriate intervention?													
Is info transcribed from order sets to Edit Text on Plan of Care													
Total Each Column	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Percent Met/ Percent Not Met	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

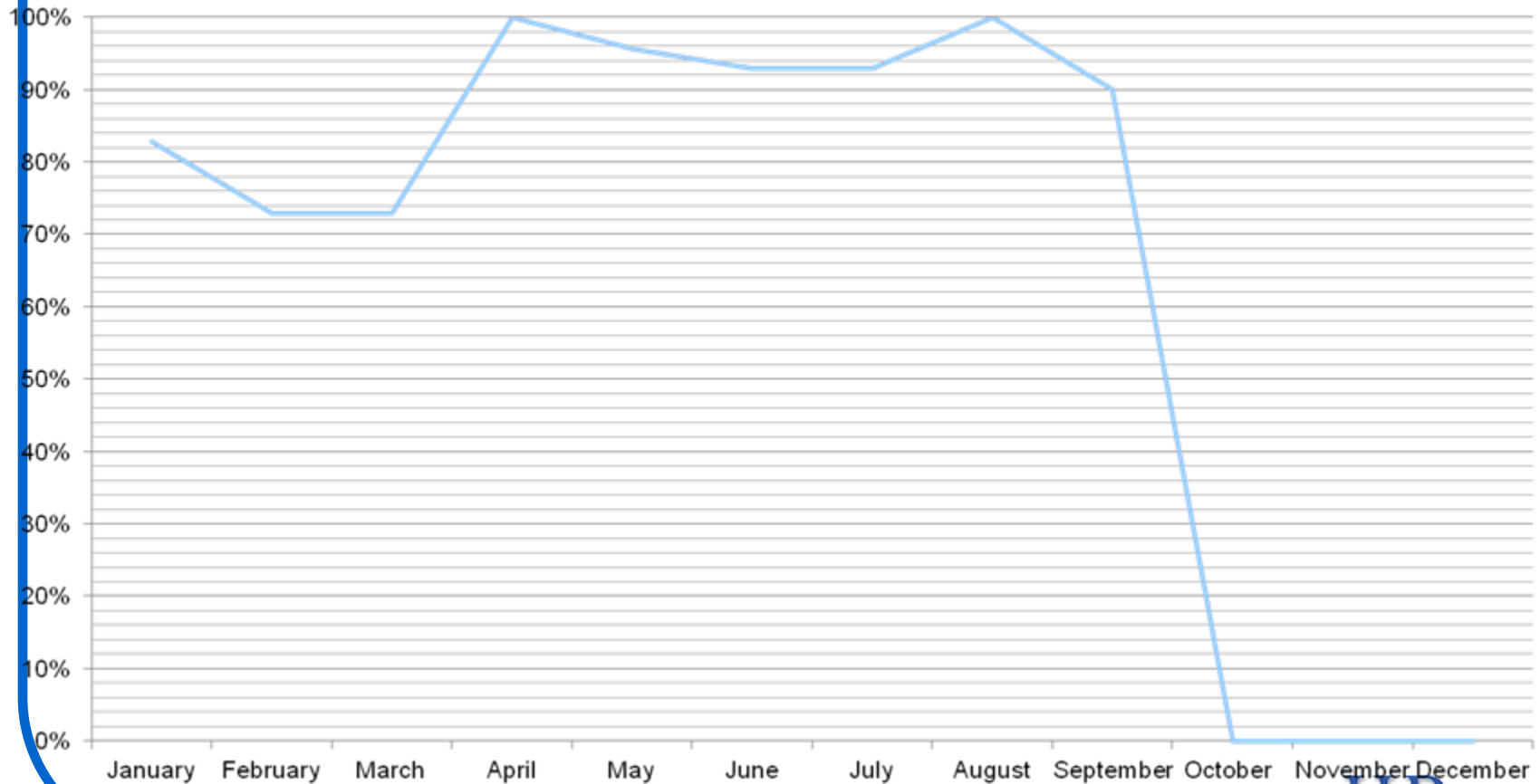
PCP Safety Calendar 2011

PCP Safety Calendar
2011

January 83%						
February 73%						
Mar 73%	Apr 100%	May 96%	June 93%	July 93%	Aug 90%	Sept 90%
October 0%						
November 0%						
December 0%						

PCP Audit Percent of Compliance

Patient Care Profile Audit Percent of Compliance



Questionnaire on PCP Reporting for Staff

- 1.The quality of care has improved since implementing PCP reporting
2. PCP allows me to get pertinent data that I need to care for my patients
3. I like having PCP and face to face reporting in order to clarify information
- 4.The format that we follow for PCP gives me the information that I need
- 5.PCP reporting is more thorough than taped reports
6. I would like to go back to taped reports
- 7.PCP report takes as much time as taped report did
8. PCP report has cut down on nurses socializing at the time of shift reporting
9. PCP reporting is more accurate than taped reports because it reducing the chances of misinterpretation and errors
10. PCP reporting ensures patient safety and continuity of care

Comments

How would you improve PCP

Measuring tool: 1. Strongly Agree 2. Agree 3. Neutral 4. Disagree 5. Strongly Disagree

Where do we go from here?

- **Support** for staff by reinforcing thinking patterns
- Enhance professional leadership by identifying more **champions**
- Keep *communication open*
- Clinical Practice Leader or Manager to be *present* during shift report
- **Reinvent a shared vision**

Questions?

